Sick Leave

I. Paid Sick Leave for Certificated and Classified Staff Members

The district will grant each certificated and classified staff member of the district sick leave days annually in accordance with <u>RCW 28A.400.300</u> and applicable collective bargaining agreements.

Unused sick leave days may be accumulated from year-to-year up to a maximum of one hundred eighty days for the purposes of RCW 28A.400.210 and 28A.400.220, and for leave purposes up to a maximum of the number of contract days agreed to in a given contract, but not greater than one year.

The district may require a signed statement from a healthcare provider for any absence in excess of three consecutive days. Pursuant to WAC 296-128-660, if the district requires such verification from a nonexempt staff member and the staff member believes obtaining verification would result in an unreasonable burden or expense, the staff member may contact the Human Resources Director orally or in writing. Verification must be provided to the district within 10 calendar days of the first day a nonexempt staff member used paid sick leave to care for themselves or a family member.

If sick leave benefits are exhausted, the board may grant leave without pay for the balance of the year upon the recommendation of the superintendent/designee.

II. Attendance Incentive Program for Certificated and Classified Staff Members

In January of the year following any year in which a minimum of 60 days of sick leave is accrued, and each January thereafter, any eligible staff member may exercise an option either:

- A. To receive remuneration for unused sick leave accumulated in the previous year in an amount equal to one day's monetary compensation of the staff member for each four full days of accrued sick leave in excess of 60 days; or
- B. To add that year's sick leave to the staff member's accumulated sick leave.

All such leave for which the staff member receives compensation will be deducted from accumulated sick leave at the rate of four days for every one day's monetary compensation.

A staff member may cash-out all accrued sick leave at the above rate at the time of an eligible separation from employment as set forth in RCW 28A.400.210 and Chapter 392-136 WAC. The administrator of the estate of a deceased staff member may also cash-out all accumulated sick leave at the rate of one day's monetary compensation for every four days of leave. A certified copy of the death certificate and proper documentation of court appointment as administrator of the estate must be submitted to the district office.

III. Additional Paid Sick Leave Provisions

A. Nonexempt Staff Members

Nonexempt staff members are covered by the sick leave provisions of RCW 28A.400.300 and are also covered by the sick leave provisions of RCW 49.46.210 and Chapter 296-128 WAC beginning January 1, 2018.

In general, the sick leave benefits provided under RCW 28A.400.300 are more generous than those required by RCW 49.46.210 and Chapter 296-128 WAC. Below, however, are some of the rights that nonexempt staff members are entitled to under RCW 49.46.210 and Chapter 296-128 WAC:

- 1. Nonexempt staff members must accrue at least one hour of paid sick leave for every forty hours worked.
- 2. Nonexempt staff members are entitled to use their accrued paid sick leave beginning on the ninetieth calendar day after the commencement of their employment.
- 3. Nonexempt staff members may use paid sick leave to care for themselves or their family members, when the staff members' workplace or children's school or place of care has been closed by a public official for any health related reason, or for absences that qualify for leave under the Domestic Violence Leave Act.
- 4. Nonexempt staff members must be permitted to carry over at least forty hours of paid sick leave.
- 5. Retaliation against a nonexempt staff member for lawful exercise of paid sick leave rights is prohibited.

B. Reasonable Notice for the Use of Paid Sick Leave

Nonexempt staff members must provide reasonable advance notice of an absence from work for the use of paid sick leave to care for themselves or a family member. Nonexempt staff members shall provide such reasonable notice to his or her direct supervisor. Any information provided will be kept confidential. If a nonexempt staff member's absence is foreseeable, the staff member must provide notice to his or her direct supervisor at least 10 days, or as early as possible, before the first day paid sick leave is used. If a nonexempt staff member's absence is unforeseeable, the staff member must contact his or her direct supervisor as soon as possible.

A nonexempt staff member must give advance oral or written notice to his or her direct supervisor as soon as possible for the foreseeable use of paid sick leave to address issues related to the staff member or the staff member's family member being a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. If a nonexempt staff member is unable to give advance notice because of an emergent or unforeseen circumstance related to the staff member or the staff member's family member being a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking, the staff member or a designee must give oral or written notice to his or her direct supervisor no later than the end of the first day that the staff member takes such leave.

C. Paid sick leave—Authorized purposes—"Family member" defined

All staff members' use of paid sick leave is subject to the provisions of RCW. For the purposes of this section, an employee is authorized to use paid sick leave for the following reasons:

- 1. An absence resulting from an employee's mental or physical illness, injury, or health condition; to accommodate the employee's need for medical diagnosis, care, or treatment of a mental or physical illness, injury, or health condition; or an employee's need for preventive medical care;
- To allow the employee to provide care for a family member with a mental or physical illness, injury, or health condition; care of a family member who needs medical diagnosis, care, or treatment of a mental or physical illness, injury, or health condition; or care for a family member who needs preventive medical care; and
- 3. When the employee's place of business has been closed by order of a public official for any health-related reason, or when an employee's child's school or place of care has been closed for such a reason.
- 4. An employee is authorized to use paid sick leave for absences that qualify for leave under the domestic violence leave act, chapter <u>49.76</u> RCW.

For the purposes of this section, "family member" means any of the following:

- 1. A child, including a biological, adopted, or foster child, stepchild, or a child to whom the employee stands in loco parentis, is a legal guardian, or is a de facto parent, regardless of age or dependency status;
- 2. A biological, adoptive, de facto, or foster parent, stepparent, or legal guardian of an employee or the employee's spouse or registered domestic partner, or a person who stood in loco parentis when the employee was a minor child;
- 3. A spouse;
- 4. A registered domestic partner;
- 5. A grandparent;
- 6. A grandchild; or
- 7. A sibling.

Cross References:	5406 - Leave Sharing
Legal References:	RCW 49.46.200 Paid sick leave
	RCW 49.46.210 Paid sick leave – Authorized purposes – Limitations – "Family member" defined
	Chapter 296-128 WAC Minimum Wages
	RCW 28A.400.210 Employee attendance incentive program — Remuneration or benefit plan for unused sick leave
	RCW 28A.400.300 Hiring and discharging of employees — Written leave policies — Seniority and leave benefits, of employees transferring between school districts and other educational employers
	Chapter 392-136 WAC Finance — Conversion of Accumulated Sick Leave
	AGO 1964 No.98 Sick leave for certificated and noncertificated employees
	AGO 1980 No.22 Limitation on compensated leave for school district employees

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